Pekal Statistial Tablas

Table 3-3. Number of research-performing institutions starting any projects to construct science and engineering research space by field: 1986-1995

Field	1986–1987	1988–1989	1990–1991	1992–1993	1994–1995 [Planned]
Total	192	227	191	184	178
Engineering	79	252	48	49	60
Physical sciences	41	67	50	44	49
Environmental sciences	28	17	42	26	17
Mathematics	ω	ΟΊ	13	σı	8
Computer sciences	28	21	20	13	13
Agricultural sciences	36	32	28	32	26
Biological sciences	58	107	91	70	57
In universities and colleges	43	87	57	49	38
In medical schools	20	26	41	26	13
Medical sciences	54	47	86	59	61
In universities and colleges	18	14	33	25	20
In medical schools	42	35	62	41	41
Psychology	21	1	291	8	œ
Social sciences	19	13		10	1
Other, not elsewhere classified	14	13	22	13	10
¹ Psychology and social sciences were not differentiated in the guestionnaire for the 1990–1991 period.	d in the guestionnaire f	or the 1990_1991 perio	Δ.		

ychology and social sciences were not differentiated in the questionnaire for the 1990–1991 period

NOTES: All 1994 data are national estimates derived from samples representing the 565 largest research-performing U.S. universities and colleges; all previous years' data (1988, 1990, 1992) represent 525 institutions.

Because of rounding, components may not add to totals Findings are limited to projects with estimated total costs at completion of \$100,000 or more for research space. Estimates are prorated to reflect all research components

In the biological and medical sciences, the total number of institutions is less than the sum of the subcategories because medical schools that are part of larger universit

SOURCE: National Science Foundation/SRS, 1994 Survey of Scientific and Engineering Research Facilities at Universities and Colleges